

The Yellow-throated Warbler (*Dendroica dominica dominica*) at Cape May, N. J.—While examining the Pitch Pine trees in the woods at Cape May Point at the southernmost extremity of New Jersey, on July 13, 1920, in a search for some young of the Pine Warbler (*Dendroica vigorsii*), I noticed the terminal portion of a small branch in violent agitation and focusing my binoculars upon it was astonished to see an adult Yellow-throated Warbler (*D. dominica dominica*) emerge from among the needles. I watched it feeding in this tree for some little time, hoping that it might lead the way to a nest or brood of young, but it seemed concerned entirely with obtaining food for itself. Finally it disappeared behind the main trunk of the tree and apparently flew off on the far side, as further search failed to discover it anywhere in the neighborhood. Two days later a careful search was made and after about an hour the bird was seen again in the same vicinity and was secured. It was a male with sexual organs only moderately developed and as no trace of other individuals of the species, either adult or young, could be found during the remainder of the summer, it seems probable that this was simply a stray individual that had wandered a little north of its regular range. As the Blue Gray Gnatcatcher occurs regularly in the same woods and the Mockingbird not infrequently, it would not be surprising if this species occurred there occasionally as a breeder.

One specimen of this species was secured somewhere in Cape May County by the late Harry Garrett, of West Chester, and was obtained from him by Charles J. Pennock. It is now in the collection of the Philadelphia Academy, but I have not been able to learn the exact locality of its capture. These constitute, so far as I know, the only specimens that have been obtained in the State. My specimen is now also in the Collection of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia.—WITMER STONE, *Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia.*

The Black-poll Warbler and Bicknell's Thrush at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia.—It appears to have escaped general notice that Mr. E. Chesley Allen, in a paper entitled 'Annotated List of Birds of Yarmouth and Vicinity, Southwestern Nova Scotia' (Trans. N. S. Inst. of Sci., Vol. XIV, Part 1, pp. 67-95, Jan. 5, 1916), stated that the Black-poll Warbler (*Dendroica striata*) and Bicknell's Thrush (*Hyllocichla aliciae bicknelli*) are regular summer residents on the West Cape, at the entrance to the harbor of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, and doubtless breed there. The West Cape is an island at high tide, but is connected with the mainland by a highway bridge. My attention was first called to the presence of these birds at this point by Mr. Allen.

On the afternoon of June 18, 1920, I spent two hours at the West Cape and, although a clouded sky and a high, chill easterly gale made conditions unfavorable for observing song-birds, I noticed six Black-poll Warblers and one Bicknell's Thrush in song. I have no doubt that I should have found many more of the warblers, which seemed to be plentiful,